

Konfigurační Interakce

FCI: Full Configuration Interaction

$$E_{cor} = \mathcal{E}_0 - E_0$$

E_0 ... energie na HF úrovni

\mathcal{E}_0 ... exaktní, nerelativistická energie

E_{corr} ... úplná korelační energie

CI ... diagonální N-elektronový Hamiltonian v N-elektronové funkci (SD)

2K N-elek. SD => N-násobné excitace FCI

N exaktní energie pro všechny stavy

HF => MO – jedno-elektronová funkce: báze pro SD n-násobná excitace

HF funkce ... $|\Psi_0\rangle$

CI základní stav ... $|\Phi_0\rangle$

$$|\Phi_0\rangle = c_0|\Psi_0\rangle + \sum_{ar} c_a^r |\Psi_a^r\rangle + \sum_{\substack{a<b \\ r<s}} c_{ab}^{rs} |\Psi_{ab}^{rs}\rangle + \sum_{\substack{a<b<c \\ r<s<t}} c_{abc}^{rst} |\Psi_{abc}^{rst}\rangle + \dots$$

$$|\Phi_0\rangle = c_0|\Psi_0\rangle + \sum_{ar} c_a^r |\Psi_a^r\rangle + \left(\frac{1}{2!}\right)^2 \sum_{\substack{ab \\ rs}} c_{ab}^{rs} |\Psi_{ab}^{rs}\rangle + \left(\frac{1}{3!}\right)^2 \sum_{\substack{abc \\ rst}} c_{abc}^{rst} |\Psi_{abc}^{rst}\rangle + \dots$$

$$c_{ab}^{rs} |\Psi_{ab}^{rs}\rangle, \quad c_{ba}^{rs}, \quad c_{ab}^{sr}, \quad c_{ba}^{sr}$$

n-násobná excitace ... $2K-N$... prázdných virtuálních orbitalů $\binom{2K-N}{n}$

N... okupovaných orbitalů $\binom{N}{n}$

δ^{state} , $\delta^{spin(N\alpha, N\beta)}$, báze pro korelační energii

$$|\Phi_0\rangle = c_0|\Psi_0\rangle + c_D|\Psi_D\rangle + c_T|\Psi_T\rangle + c_Q|\Psi_Q\rangle + \dots$$

- $\langle\Phi|H|\Phi\rangle$:
- 1) $\langle\Psi_0|H|\Psi_s\rangle = 0$ Brillouinův teorém
 - 2) $\langle\Psi_0|H|\Psi_{T,Q}\rangle = 0$ Slater-Condon. pravidla
 - 3) $\langle\Psi_D|H|\Psi_Q\rangle = \langle\Psi_{ab}^{rs}|H|\Psi_{abcd}^{rstu}\rangle$
 - 4) D jsou nejdůležitější k Ψ_0 , $Q>T$

$$\left(\begin{array}{cccccc} \langle 0|H|0\rangle & 0 & \langle 0|H|D\rangle & 0 & .. & 0 \\ 0 & \langle S|H|S\rangle & \langle S|H|D\rangle & \langle S|H|T\rangle & & . \\ \langle D|H|0\rangle & \langle D|H|S\rangle & \langle D|H|D\rangle & \langle D|H|T\rangle & \langle D|H|Q\rangle & . \\ 0 & \langle T|H|S\rangle & \langle T|H|D\rangle & \langle T|H|T\rangle & \langle T|H|Q\rangle & 0 \\ .. & 0 & \langle Q|H|D\rangle & \langle Q|H|T\rangle & \langle Q|H|Q\rangle & ... \\ 0 & . & . & 0 & ... & ... \end{array} \right) = \text{FCI}$$

N-rozměrná matice FCI (Full CI)

$$|\Psi_0\rangle, |\Psi_a^r\rangle, |\Psi_{ab}^{rs}\rangle, |\Psi_{abc}^{rst}\rangle, \dots$$

$$|\Psi_0\rangle, |\Psi_S\rangle, |\Psi_D\rangle, |\Psi_T\rangle, \dots$$

$$|0\rangle, |S\rangle, |D\rangle, |T\rangle, \dots$$

- značení determinantů

Příklad 1:

Single excitace:

$$\langle \Psi_0 | H | {}^1\Psi_a^r \rangle = 0 \quad \langle rb || as \rangle$$

$$\langle {}^1\Psi_a^r | H - E_0 | {}^1\Psi_b^s \rangle = (\varepsilon_r - \varepsilon_a) \delta_{rs} \delta_{ab} - (rs || ba) + 2(ra || bs)$$

$$| {}^1\Psi_a^r \rangle = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (| ..a\bar{r}.. \rangle + | ..r\bar{a}.. \rangle)$$

Double excitace:

$$\langle \Psi_0 | H | {}^1\Psi_{aa}^{rr} \rangle = K_{ra}$$

$$\langle \Psi_0 | H | {}^1\Psi_{aa}^{rs} \rangle = \sqrt{2} (sa || ra)$$

$$\langle \Psi_0 | H | {}^1\Psi_{ab}^{rr} \rangle = \sqrt{2} (rb || ra)$$

$$\langle {}^1\Psi_{aa}^{rr} | H - E_0 | {}^1\Psi_{aa}^{rr} \rangle = (\varepsilon_r - \varepsilon_a) + J_{aa} + J_{rr} - 4J_{ra} + 2K_{ra}$$

$$\langle {}^1\Psi_{aa}^{rs} | H - E_0 | {}^1\Psi_{aa}^{rs} \rangle = \varepsilon_r + \varepsilon_s + 2\varepsilon_a + J_{aa} + J_{rs} + K_{rs} - 2J_{sa} - 2J_{ra} + K_{ra} + K_{sa}$$

Normalize:

$$|\Phi_0\rangle = c_0 |\Psi_0\rangle + \sum_{ar} c_a^r |\Psi_a^r\rangle + \dots$$

$$c_0 \gg c_a^r$$

$$\langle \Phi_0 | \Phi_0 \rangle = 1 + \sum_{ar} (c_a^r)^2 + \sum_{abrs} (c_{ab}^{rs})^2$$

$$\langle \Psi_0 | \Phi_0 \rangle = 1 \quad \Leftarrow \text{intermediate normalization}$$

$$H |\Phi_0\rangle = \varepsilon_0 |\Phi_0\rangle$$

$$H - E_0 |\Phi_0\rangle = (\varepsilon_0 - E_0) |\Phi_0\rangle = E_{cor} |\Phi_0\rangle$$

$$\langle \Psi_0 | H - E_0 | \Phi_0 \rangle = E_{cor} \langle \Psi_0 | \Phi_0 \rangle$$

$$\langle \Psi_0 | H - E_0 \left(|\Psi_0\rangle + \sum_{ar} c_a^r |\Psi_a^r\rangle + \sum_{\substack{a<b \\ r<s}} c_{ab}^{rs} |\Psi_{ab}^{rs}\rangle + \dots \right) = \sum_{\substack{a<b \\ r<s}} c_{ab}^{rs} \langle \Psi_0 | H | \Psi_{ab}^{rs} \rangle$$

$$E_{cor} = \sum_{\substack{a<b \\ r<s}} c_{ab}^{rs} \langle \Psi_0 | H | \Psi_{ab}^{rs} \rangle$$

Příklad 2:

$$\sum_{\substack{b < c < d \\ s < t < u}} c_{bcd}^{stu} \langle | | \rangle = \left(\frac{1}{3!} \right)^2 \sum_{\substack{bcd \\ stu}} c_{bcd}^{stu} \langle | | \rangle$$

Molekula H_2 : $\{\psi_1, \psi_2\}$

$$\text{HF: } |\Psi_0\rangle = |\psi_1 \bar{\psi}_1\rangle = |\lambda_1 \lambda_2\rangle = |1 \bar{1}\rangle$$

$$|\Phi_0\rangle = |\Psi_0\rangle + c_1^2 |2 \bar{1}\rangle + c_{\bar{1}}^2 |1 \bar{2}\rangle + c_{\bar{1}}^2 |12\rangle + c_1^2 |\bar{2} \bar{1}\rangle + c_{1\bar{1}}^{2\bar{2}} |2\bar{2}\rangle$$

$$|\Phi_0\rangle = |\Psi_0\rangle_g + c_1^2 |{}^1\Psi_1^2\rangle_u + c_{1\bar{1}}^{2\bar{2}} |2\bar{2}\rangle_g$$

$$\downarrow$$
$$|{}^1\Psi_1^2\rangle = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (|1\bar{2}\rangle + |2\bar{1}\rangle)$$

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} \langle \Psi_0 | H | \Psi_0 \rangle & \langle \Psi_0 | H | {}^1\Psi_{11}^{22} \rangle \\ \langle \Psi_0 | H | {}^1\Psi_{11}^{22} \rangle & \langle {}^1\Psi_{11}^{22} | H | {}^1\Psi_{11}^{22} \rangle \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\langle \Psi_0 | H | \Psi_0 \rangle = E_0 = 2h_{11} + J_{11} = 2\varepsilon_1 - J_{11}$$

$$\langle \Psi_0 | H | {}^1\Psi_{11}^{22} \rangle = \langle 1\bar{1} || 2\bar{2} \rangle = (12|12) = K_{12}$$

$$\langle {}^1\Psi_{11}^{22} | H | {}^1\Psi_{11}^{22} \rangle = 2h_{22} + J_{22} =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 = h_{11} + J_{11} \\ \varepsilon_2 = h_{22} + J_{12} - K_{12} \end{bmatrix} = 2\varepsilon_2 - 4J_{12} + 2K_{12} + J_{22}$$

$$(H - E_0)(|\Psi_0\rangle + c|\Psi_1^2\rangle) = E_{cor}(|\Psi_0\rangle + c|\Psi_1^2\rangle)$$

$$|\Psi_0\rangle \rightarrow E_{cor} = cK_{12}$$

$$|\Psi_1^2\rangle \rightarrow K_{12} + c2\Delta = cE_{cor}$$

$$2\Delta = \langle {}^1\Psi_1^2 | H - E_0 | {}^1\Psi_1^2 \rangle = 2(\varepsilon_2 - \varepsilon_1) + J_{11} + J_{22} - 4J_{12} + 2K_{12}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & K_{12} \\ K_{12} & 2\Delta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ c \end{pmatrix} = E_{cor} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ c \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} c &= \frac{K}{E - 2\Delta} \\ E &= \frac{K^2}{E - 2\Delta} \end{aligned} \right\} E = \Delta - \sqrt{\Delta^2 + K^2}$$

$$\varepsilon_0 = E + E_0 = 2h_{11} + J_{11} + \Delta - \sqrt{\Delta^2 + K^2}$$

Výsledky pro dva oddalující se atomy vodíku:

$$R \rightarrow \infty : h_{11} = h_{22} \rightarrow E(H)$$

$$J_{22} = J_{11} = J_{12} = K_{12} = \frac{1}{2}(\phi_1\phi_1|\phi_1\phi_1) : \Delta \rightarrow 0 \quad E_{cor} = -\frac{1}{2}(\phi_1\phi_1|\phi_1\phi_1)$$

$$\varepsilon_0(R \rightarrow \infty) = 2E(H) = 2h_{11}$$